

KEY FACTS ABOUT

Isotopes in Canada

Nuclear technology saves lives

through use of radioisotopes for screening, diagnosis and therapy of various medical conditions.



The Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission licenses the use and **production of over 250 radioisotopes** in Canada.



In industrial radiography, nuclear substances are used for the non-destructive examination and testing of new materials. Radiation from the substances passes through the material and allows defects in welds or constituency to be recorded on film or a digital imager.

In Canada, **48**% of the radiation in our lifetimes comes from medical procedures.

Canadian scientists were the pioneers in a number of nuclear applications.



In 1951, the world's first cancer treatment with radiation took place in **London, Ontario**. This marked an important milestone for both the fight against cancer and Canada's emergence as a leader in the field of nuclear power.

Irradiation technology is increasingly being used to preserve food – spices, grains, fruit, vegetables and meat. It avoids the use of potentially harmful chemical fumigants and insecticides.



Doctors use isotopes in nuclear imaging 30,000 times every week to quickly and accurately diagnose illness.

Across Canada, about
20,000 patients
undergo nuclear imaging
procedures every week,
and the field of nuclear
medicine is growing
around the world.



Canada contributes more than **50%** of the world's "raw material" isotope supply.

1.5 million

nuclear diagnostic scans are performed each year in Canada.

15,000

therapeutic doses are administered each year in Canada.



The global business of medical isotopes is **\$4 billion**, projecting to grow by up to 5% every year.



Radioisotopes are also used to preserve seeds and food products, and breed disease-resistant plants.